

June 30, 2022

MAYOR AND TOWN COUNCIL

Name and Address	<u>Position</u>	Term Expires
Linda Spencer	Mayor	January 2023 (Resigned July 19, 2022)
Trish Callahan	President/Acting Mayor Zone 5	January 2023
Delena Oden	Vice-President Zone 1	January 2025
Alvin Thompson	Councilor Zone 2	January 2025
Paul Price	Councilor Zone 3	January 2025 (Appointed October 19, 2021)
Stacy Equitz	Councilor Zone 4	January 2023
Matthew Goodman	Councilor Zone 6	January 2023 (Appointed October 19, 2021)

ADMINISTRATION

Lori Paxton Town Recorder Kathleen Misfeldt Town Treasurer

MAILING ADDRESS

Town of Butte Falls 431 Broad Street PO Box 268 Butte Falls, OR 97522

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For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

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Town of Butte Falls Jackson County, Oregon

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Town Council Town of Butte Falls Butte Falls, Oregon 97522

Opinions

I have audited the accompanying modified cash basis financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Butte Falls, Oregon as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Town's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective modified cash-basis financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Town of Butte Falls, Oregon, as of June 30, 2022, and the respective changes in modified cash basis financial position, and where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Basis for Opinions

I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. My responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of my report. I am required to be independent of the Town of Butte Falls, Oregon, and to meet my other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to my audit. I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions.

Emphasis of Matter—Basis of Accounting

I draw attention to Note 1 of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting. The financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. My opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1 and for determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is also responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to error or fraud.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

My objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes my opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, I:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or
 error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include
 examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town of Butte Falls, Oregon's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting
 estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in my judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the Town of Butte Falls, Oregon's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

I am required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that I identified during the audit.

Other Matters

Supplementary Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Town of Butte Falls, Oregon's basic financial statements. The budgetary comparison information and combining fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the budgetary comparison information and combining fund financial statements are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole on the basis of accounting described in Note 1.

Town of Butte Falls Independent Auditor's Report Page 3 of 3

Other Information

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the listing of town council members containing their term expiration dates, located before the table of contents, but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. My opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and I do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with my audit of the basic financial statements, my responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, I conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, I am required to describe it in my report.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

In accordance with Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, I have also issued my report dated November 29, 2022, on my consideration of the Town's internal control over financial reporting and on tests of its compliance with the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules OAR 162-10-000 to 162-10-320. However, providing an opinion on compliance with these provisions was not an objective of my audit and, accordingly, I do not express such an opinion.

REBECCA PRICE, CPA

Gilroy, California November 29, 2022



STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

June 30, 2022

	vernmental Activities	siness-type Activities	 Total
ASSETS			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 617,019	\$ 75,808	\$ 692,827
Restricted cash	55,722	112,389	168,111
Interfund balances	10,836	(10,836)	-
Capital assets, net	 1,039,689	 1,483,203	 2,522,892
Total assets	\$ 1,723,266	\$ 1,660,564	\$ 3,383,830
LIABILITIES			
Long-term debt (Note 2C):			
Due within one year	-	27,791	27,791
Due in more than one year	 	 731,160	 731,160
Total liabilities	 	 758,951	 758,951
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	1,039,689	724,252	1,763,941
Restricted	55,722	112,389	168,111
Unrestricted	627,855	64,972	692,827
Total net position	 1,723,266	 901,613	2,624,879
Total liabilities and net position	\$ 1,723,266	\$ 1,660,564	\$ 3,383,830

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

					Progr	am Revenu	ies		Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Position					l
Functions/Programs	E	(penses		rges for	Gra	perating ants and tributions	Gra	apital nts and ributions		ernmental ctivities		siness-type Activities		Total
Governmental activities		,												
General government Public safety Highway and Streets Culture and recreation Forest management	\$	122,273 99,802 27,178 19,075 24,284	\$	38,785 38,277 16,718 5,068	\$	6,472 424,002 136,359 -	\$	12,735 - - 23,954	\$	(77,016) 375,212 125,899 (14,007) (330)	\$	- - - -	\$	(77,016) 375,212 125,899 (14,007) (330)
Total governmental activities		292,612		98,848		566,833		36,689		409,758			_	409,758
Business-type activities														
Water		130,312		53,964		46,596		-		-		(29,752)		(29,752)
Sewer		155,863		112,183		35,107		-		-		(8,573)		(8,573)
Bottled Water		286,175		8,224 174,371		81,703				<u>-</u>		(30,101)	_	8,224 (30,101)
Total business-type activities	\$	578,787	\$	273,219	\$	648,536	\$	36,689		409,758		(30,101)		379,657
Total Primary government	Φ	370,707	Φ	213,219	Φ	040,330	φ	30,009		409,730		(30,101)		319,031
				neral reve	enues:									
				Property t						138,096		-		138,096
				Franchise						54,004		-		54,004
			1	Public ser						8,939		-		8,939
				vestment iscellaneo	•	gs				2,347 6,680		-		2,347 6,680
						n on disposa	al of ass	et		5,917		-		5,917
				ansfers	. Ouii	i on dispose	11 01 030			33,500		(33,500)		-
				Total o	eneral	revenues &	transfe	rs	-	249,483		(33,500)		215,983
				3						2.0,.00		(00,000)	_	210,000
				Chai	nges in	net position	1			659,241		(63,601)		595,640
			Ne	t position-l	peginni	ing, as previ	ously st	tated		1,050,525		964,407		2,014,932
				or period a	•	•	•			13,500		807		14,307
			Ne	t position-l	oeginni	ing, as resta	ited			1,064,025		965,214		2,029,239
			Ne	t position-	ending				\$	1,723,266	\$	901,613	\$	2,624,879

TOWN OF BUTTE FALLS

BALANCE SHEET - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2022

				Special	С	apital Project				
			Re	venue Fund		Fund				
						Land		Other		Total
	(General		Street		Acquisition	G	overnmental	Go	vernmental
		Fund		Fund		Fund		Funds		Funds
ASSETS										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	301,122	\$	112,427	\$	23,954	\$	179,516	\$	617,019
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	Ψ	-	Ψ	55,722	Ψ	-	Ψ	-	Ψ	55,722
Due from other funds		_		-		_		10,836		10,836
					_			. 0,000		.0,000
Total assets	\$	301,122	\$	168,149	\$	23,954	\$	190,352		683,577
LIABILITIES		-	_	<u>-</u>	_		_	<u>-</u>		-
FUND BALANCES										
Restricted		-		55,722		-		_		55,722
Assigned for:										
Highways and streets		-		112,427		_		_		112,427
Planning		-		-		_		3,138		3,138
Public safety		-		-		_		125,252		125,252
Capital projects		-		_		23,954		61,962		85,916
Unassigned		301,122			_					301,122
Total fund balances		301,122		168,149		23,954		190,352		683,577
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	301,122	\$	168,149	\$	23,954	\$	190,352		
Amounts reported for governmental activ	ities i	n the staten	nent	of net position	on	are different b	ecau	se:		
Capital assets used in the governmental acti		are not finan	cial	resources and	d,					
therefore, are not reported in the funds.										1,039,689

\$ 1,723,266

Net position of governmental activities

TOWN OF BUTTE FALLS

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

			Rev	Special venue Fund	Capital Project Fund			
		0		044	Land	Other	•	Total
		General		Street	Acquisition	Governmental	Go	vernmental
DEVENUE O		Fund		Fund	Fund	Funds		Funds
REVENUES:	_		_		_		_	
Property taxes	\$	138,096	\$	-	\$ -	\$ -	\$	138,096
Street taxes		- 07 700		36,359	-	4 000		36,359
Intergovernmental revenues Fundraisers/Donations		67,708		100,000	- 22.054	1,000		168,708
Capital grants		36,409		-	23,954	17,978		78,341
Licenses, fees and permits		- 13,955		- 16,718	400,000	12,735		412,735
Charges for services		•		10,710	-	1,035 3,429		31,708
Fines and forfeits		33,845 1,830		-	-	3,429		37,274 1,830
Interest		2,347		-	-	-		2,347
Proceeds from sale of assets		2,347		_	-	5,917		5,917
Miscellaneous		4,850		_	_	187		5,037
Total revenues	_	299,040		153,077	423,954	42,281		918,352
EXPENDITURES:	· <u> </u>	_						
Current:								
General government		118,313		_	_	566		118,879
Public safety		65,616		_	_	13,138		78,754
Highways and streets		-		22,934	_	-		22,934
Culture and recreation		20,635		,==	_	_		20,635
Forest Management		24,284		_	-	-		24,284
Capital outlay		, -		95,632	400,000	-		495,632
Total expenditures		228,848		118,566	400,000	13,704	_	761,118
Excess (deficiency) of revenues								
over expenditures		70,192		34,511	23,954	28,577		157,234
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers in		27,000		-	-	8,500		35,500
Transfers out		<u>-</u>		(1,500)		(500)		(2,000)
Total other financing sources		27,000		(1,500)		8,000		33,500
Net change in fund balances		97,192		33,011	23,954	36,577		190,734
FUND BALANCES - July 1,								
as previously stated		203,930		135,138	_	141,735		480,803
Prior period adjustments		200,000		100,100	-	12,040		12,040
FUND BALANCES - July 1, as restated		203,930		125 120				
I DIND DALANGLO - July 1, as restated		<u> </u>		135,138		153,775		492,843
FUND BALANCES - June 30	\$	301,122	\$	168,149	\$ 23,954	\$ 190,352	\$	683,577

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

TOWN OF BUTTE FALLS

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

Total net change in fund balances - governmental funds

190,734

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

When capital assets are purchased or constructed, the resources expended for these assets are reported as expenditures on fund financial statements. However, in the statement of activities the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.

This is the amount by which capital outlays \$497,232 exceeded depreciation \$28,725

468,507

Changes in net position of governmental activities

\$ 659,241

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

June 30, 2022

	18 7 - 4		Nonmajor	
	Water	Sewer	Proprietary	T. 4. I.
	Fund	Fund	Funds	Totals
ASSETS				
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 24,108	\$ 27,095	\$ 24,605	\$ 75,808
Restricted cash	10,006		61,910	112,389
	34,114		86,515	188,197
Total current assets	34,114	07,500	00,515	100,197
Non-current assets:				
Capital assets, net	570,049	913,154		1,483,203
Total assets	604,163	980,722	86,515	1,671,400
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:				
Due to other funds	-	1,204	-	1,204
Loans payable		27,791		27,791
Total current liabilities		28,995		28,995
Non-current liabilities				
Interfund loans payable	-	9,632	-	9,632
Loans payable	546,665	184,495	-	731,160
Total non-current liabilities	546,665	194,127	-	740,792
Total liabilities	546,665	223,122	<u> </u>	769,787
NET POSITION				
Net investment in capital assets	23,384	700,868	_	724,252
Restricted	10,006		61,910	112,389
Unrestricted	24,108		24,605	64,972
Total net position	\$ 57,498	\$ 757,600	\$ 86,515	\$ 901,613

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

	 Water Fund	 Sewer Fund	Pro	nmajor prietary unds		Totals
Operating revenues:						
Charges for services Other revenues	\$ 53,964 -	\$ 110,573 -	\$	8,224 1,610	\$	172,761 1,610
Total operating revenues	53,964	 110,573		9,834		174,371
Operating expenses:						
Personal services	29,727	35,526		-		65,253
Contractual services	-	8,886		164		9,050
Utilities	4,168	17,729		-		21,897
Repairs and maintenance	9,999	26,678		-		36,677
Other supplies and expenses	1,442	5,036		-		6,478
Depreciation	59,496	55,145		-		114,641
Total operating expenses	104,832	149,000		164		253,996
Operating income (loss)	 (50,868)	 (38,427)		9,670		(79,625)
Non-operating revenues (expenses):						
Debt service assessments	46,596	35,107		-		81,703
Interest expense	(25,481)	(6,699)		-		(32,180)
Total non-operating	 				-	
revenues(expenses)	 21,115	 28,408				49,523
Income (loss) before						
contributions and transfers	(29,753)	(10,019)		9,670		(30,102)
Transfer out	(10,000)	(15,000)		(8,500)		(33,500)
Changes in net position	(39,753)	(25,019)		1,170		(63,602)
NET POSITION - July 1, 2021,						
as previously stated	96,444	782,619		85,345		964,408
Prior period adjustment	90, 444 807	102,019		00,040		904,406 807
		 700.010		05.045		
NET POSITION - July 1, 2021, as restate	 97,251	 782,619		85,345		965,215
NET POSITION - June 30, 2022	\$ 57,498	\$ 757,600	\$	86,515	\$	901,613

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS MODIFIED CASH BASIS

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

		Water Fund		Sewer Fund		Nonmajor roprietary Funds		Totals
Cash Flows from operating activities: Receipts from customers	¢	F2 064	\$	110,573	ф.	0.934	¢	174 271
Payments to suppliers	\$	53,964 (15,609)	Ф	(58,329)	\$	9,834 (164)	\$	174,371 (74,102)
Payments to employees		(29,727)		(35,526)		-		(65,253)
Net cash provided (used) by operatin	п —			(==,==,			_	(,,
activities	<u> </u>	8,628		16,718		9,670	_	35,016
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:								
Non-operating receipts (payments)		46,596		35,107		-		81,703
Transfers from (to) other funds		(10,000)		(15,000)		(8,500)		(33,500)
Net cash provided by noncapital								
financing activities		36,596		20,107		(8,500)		48,203
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:								
Principal paid on capital debt		(19,576)		(28,211)		-		(47,787)
Interest paid on capital debt		(25,481)		(6,699)				(32,180)
Net cash provided by capital and		(45.057)		(24.040)				(70.007)
related financing activities:		(45,057)	_	(34,910)			_	(79,967)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cas	sh							
equivalents		167		1,915		1,170		3,252
Cash and cash equivalents - July 1, 202		33,947		65,653		85,345		184,945
Cash and cash equivalents - June 30, 20	\$	34,114	\$	67,568	\$	86,515	\$	188,197
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:								
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating incorto net cash provided (used) by operating activities:		(50,868)	\$	(38,427)	\$	9,670	\$	(79,625)
Depreciation expense		59,496		55,145				114,641
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	8,628	\$	16,718	\$	9,670	\$	35,016
			_					

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.



NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. REPORTING ENTITY

The Town of Butte Falls operates under a charter granted by the State of Oregon in 1911. The Town is governed by the Town Council, composed of an elected Mayor and six elected council members. The Mayor and Town Council set policies for the Town.

The Town of Butte Falls, Oregon, is a primary government. A primary government is a financial reporting entity, which has a separately elected governing body, is legally separate and is fiscally independent of other state and local governments. The Town has considered all organizations for which the Town is financially accountable. Financial accountability may be evidenced by the ability to appoint the voting majority of the governing body, and either it is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or to impose specific burdens on, the primary government; or a fiscal dependency or intergovernmental relationship so close that exclusion from the primary government would render the financial statements incomplete or misleading. The Town has determined that there is no component units required to be included in these financial statements.

B. GOVERNMENT-WIDE AND FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on the entire Town. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items no properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

C. MEASUREMENT FOCUS, BASIS OF ACCOUNTING AND FINANCIAL STATEMENT PRESENTATION

The government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using a modified cash basis of accounting. This basis recognizes assets, liabilities, net position/fund equity, revenues and expenditures when they result from cash transactions with a provision for depreciation and recognition of long-term debts. This basis is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles.

If the Town utilized generally accepted accounting principles, the governmental fund financial statements would use the modified accrual basis of accounting. All government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund financial statements would be presented on the accrual basis of accounting.

Under the modified accrual basis, revenues are recognized when they are measurable and available. Measurable means being able to reasonably estimate the amount. Available means collectible within the current period or soon

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

enough thereafter to pay current liabilities. Expenditures (including capital outlay) are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for general obligation bond principal and interest which are reported when due.

Under the accrual basis, revenues are recognized when earned. Expenses (including depreciation and amortization) are recorded when the liability is incurred or the economic asset is used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place.

The Town reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund is the Town's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

State Street Tax Fund accounts for receipts for the state gasoline taxes and interest and related expenditures.

Land Acquisition Fund accounts for donations and grants to purchase and improve the land around the town in order to improve safety from a forest fire.

The Town reports the following major proprietary funds:

Water Fund accounts for the operations of the Town's water department. Primary revenues are charges for services, sale of water to users, connection fees and interest on invested funds. The Water Fund consists of the following budgetary funds:

- Water Fund (budgetary basis financial statements only)
- Water Debt Service Fund (budgetary basis financial statements only)

Sewer Fund accounts for the operation of the Town's sewer department. Primary revenues are charges for services and interest on invested funds. The Sewer Fund consists of the following budgetary funds:

- Sewer Fund (budgetary basis financial statements only)
- Sewer Debt Service Fund (budgetary basis financial statements only)

Additionally, the Town reports nonmajor funds within the following fund types:

Special Revenue Funds are primarily operating funds that account for specific taxes or other revenue sources, which are legally restricted to finance particular functions or activities.

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets.

Nonmajor Proprietary Funds account for other special proprietary activities of the Town.

The *Debt Service Fund* is budgeted as a separate fund but has been allocated to the Water Fund and Sewer Fund based on the activity in the budgetary fund. See pages 36-37 for the allocation of the budgetary Debt Service Fund to the Water and Sewer Funds.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions, including special assessments. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the Town's enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services. The Town recognizes revenues as operating revenue the portion of tap fees intended to recover the cost of connecting new customers to the system. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Town's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND NET POSITION

1. Deposits and investments

The cash and cash equivalents include petty cash and change funds, demand deposits held by financial institutions and deposits with the Local Government Investment Pool of the Oregon Short-Term Fund which is managed by the State Treasurer's office. The Local Government Investment Pool is managed in accordance with the "prudent person rule" and administrative regulations of the State Treasurer, which may change from time to time. Eligible investments include U.S. Treasury obligations, U.S. Agency securities, bankers' acceptances, high grade commercial paper, and repurchase agreements, all subject to certain size and maturity limitations. The pool has the general characteristics of a demand deposit account in that investors may deposit additional cash at any time and may withdraw cash at any time without prior notice or penalty. The Town reports the fair value of the position in the pool as the same as the value of the pool shares.

2. Property taxes

Property taxes are levied and attached as an enforceable lien on property on July 1 of each fiscal year. Taxes are payable in three installments on November 15, February 15, and May 15. A 3% discount is allowed for payment in full on November 15. Jackson County, Oregon, makes all assessments of property value, and levies and collects taxes for the Town of Butte Falls, and all other entities within the county.

For the current year, the Town levied taxes at the rate of 7.2494 per \$1,000 of assessed value of all taxable property within the Town. Measure 50 establishes the permanent rate and allows for an increase of the assessed value of property of 3% per year.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

3. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, plant, and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$500 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Property, plant, and equipment of the Town are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

<u>Assets</u>	<u>Years</u>
Buildings	15/30
Water and Sewer System	30
Vehicles	3-7
Equipment	7

4. Long-Term Debt Obligation

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities and business-type activities. In governmental fund types, bond discounts and issuance costs are recognized in the current period. Bond discounts and issuance costs for proprietary fund types are deferred and amortized over the term of the bonds using the bonds-outstanding method, which approximates the effective interest method. Bond discounts are presented as a reduction of the face amount of bonds payable whereas issuance costs are recorded as deferred charges.

5. Fund Equity

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued Statement No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions (GASB 54), which has been adopted by the Town. This statement defines the different types of fund balances that a governmental entity must use for financial reporting purposes. GASB 54 requires the fund balance amounts to be properly reported within one of the fund balance categories listed below:

Nonspendable, such as fund balance associated with inventories, prepaid expenses, long-term loans and notes receivable, and property held for resale (unless the proceeds are restricted, committed, or assigned),

Restricted fund balance category includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by constitution, external resource providers, or though enabling legislation,

Committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Town Council (the Town's highest level of decision-making authority),

Assigned fund balances are intended to be used for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed, and

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Cont'd)

Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification for the general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications.

6. Net Position

In the government-wide financial statements, net position represents the difference between the assets and liabilities and is classified into three components.

Net investment in capital assets – This balance reflects the net position of the Town that is invested in capital assets. This amount is generally not accessible for other purposes.

Restricted net position – This balance represents the net amount of assets and liabilities that are restricted by third parties.

Unrestricted net position – This balance represents the net amount of assets and liabilities that are available for general use.

NOTE 2 - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

A. BUDGETARY INFORMATION

Budgets are prepared and adopted, and expenditures are appropriated, in accordance with Oregon Local Budget Law. Budgets are adopted on the cash-basis of accounting, which is not in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, but is an acceptable method for Oregon Municipal Corporations under Oregon Local Budget Law. All annual appropriations lapse at fiscal year end. The Town does not use encumbrance accounting.

On or before June 30 of each year, the Town enacts a resolution approving the budget, appropriating the expenditures, and levying the property taxes. Prior to enacting this resolution, the proposed budget is presented to the Town Council for a budget hearing by a budget committee.

The budget is prepared by fund, department, activity and line item, and includes information of the past year, current year estimates, and requested appropriations for the next fiscal year. Expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the level of Personal Services, Material and Services, Capital Outlay, Debt Service, Contingency, or other expenditures for each fund, or for each department of the General Fund, at the level of Administration, Police, Parks and Grounds, and Non-Departmental.

B. EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

During the fiscal year, there were no expenditures that exceeded appropriations.

C. DEFICIT FUND BALANCES

No funds had a deficit fund balance as of June 30, 2022.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 3 – DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. CASH, CASH EQUIVALENTS AND INVESTMENTS

The cash, cash equivalents and investments as of June 30, 2022 was as follows:

Deposit in Financial Institution	\$ 426,544
Petty Cash	100
Deposit in Local Government Investment Pool	 434,294
Total	\$ 860,938

Deposits with Financial Institutions

Deposits with financial institutions are comprised of bank demand deposits. Total bank balances, as shown on the bank's records at year-end were \$446,576. Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance covers up to \$250,000 for all demand deposits owned by a public unit.

Effective July 1, 2008, the Oregon State Treasurer became responsible for monitoring public funds held by bank depositories in excess of FDIC insured amounts, and for assuring that public funds on deposit are collateralized to the extent required by Oregon Revised Statutes (ORS) Chapter 295. ORS Chapter 295 requires depository banks to place and maintain on deposit with a third-party custodian bank securities having a value of 10%, 25% or 110% of public funds on deposit depending primary on the capitalization level of the depository bank.

<u>Investments</u>

The Town's investments consist of investment in the LGIP, which managed by the State Treasurer in accordance with the "prudent person rule" and administrative rules that, may be subject to change. ORS and the Oregon Investment Council establish investment policies for the State Treasurer and OSTF. In addition, the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board establishes OSTF portfolio guidelines. Members of the Investment Council and the Oregon Short-Term Fund Board are appointed by the governor. The investments that make up the State Local Government Pool are those allowed by ORS and the reported fair value of the investment is the same as the value of the pool shares. The Town's investments are internally pooled. LGIP was created to offer a short-term investment alternative to Oregon local governments and it is not registered with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission. The investments are regulated by the OSTF and approved by the Oregon Investment Council (ORS 294.805 to 294.895). At June 30, 2022, the fair value of the Town's deposits with the LGIP approximates cost. The OSTF financial statements are available at http://www.ost.state.or.us/.

Credit risk: State law limits investments in general obligations of the U.S. Government and its agencies, certain bonded obligations of Oregon municipalities, bank repurchase agreements and State Treasurer's Investment Pool, along with certain commercial paper and the corporate bonds which have top two ratings issued by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations. LGIP was unrated.

Interest rate risk: The Town does not have a formal investment policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposures to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. Throughout the year, all investments were either in the State Treasurer's Investment Pool, or a bank money market account. Both mature daily.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Cont'd)

B. CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2022 was as follows:

	В	ginning					Ending
	В	alance		ncreases	Decreases		Balance
Governmental Activities							
Capital assets, not being depreciated:							
Land	\$	104,209	\$	400,000	\$ -		504,209
Capital assets, being depreciated:							
Infrastructure		36,113		95,632	_		131,745
Buildings		480,533		_	_		480,533
Equipment		217,571		1,600	(2,015)		217,156
Vehicles		249,795		13,500	(68,995)		194,300
Total capital assets being depreciated		984,011		110,732	(71,010)		1,023,733
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Infrastructure		(8,641)		(4,091)	-		(12,731)
Buildings		(95,922)		(16,067)	_		(111,989)
Equipment		(212,231)		(2,439)	2,015		(212,655)
Vehicles		(213,745)		(6,129)	68,995		(150,879)
Total accumulated depreciation		(530,538)	_	(28,725)	71,010	_	(488,253)
Total capital assets being depreciated, ne		453,473		82,007			535,480
Governmental activities, capital assets, net	\$	557,682	\$	482,007	\$ -	\$	1,039,689

Depreciation expense was charged to the governmental activities as follows:

Governmental activities:

General government	\$ 3,435
Highways and streets	4,243
Public safety	21,047
Total	\$ 28,725

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Cont'd)

	Beginning			Ending
	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance
Business-type Activities Capital assets, not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 40,186	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 40,186
Capital assets, being depreciated:				
Buildings & improvements	77,011	-	_	77,011
Water & sewer systems	4,470,115	-	-	4,470,115
Equipment	78,617	1,399	-	80,016
Vehicles	17,258	-	-	17,258
Total capital assets being depreciated	4,643,001	1,399		4,644,400
Less accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings & improvements	(72,329)	(3,198)	-	(75,528)
Water & sewer systems	(2,931,748)	(108,477)	-	(3,040,225)
Equipment	(64,894)	(3,656)	-	(68,550)
Vehicles	(16,372)	(708)	-	(17,080)
Total accumulated depreciation	(3,085,344)	(116,039)	-	(3,201,382)
Total capital assets being depreciated, ne	1,557,657	(114,640)		1,443,017
Business-type activities, capital assets, net	\$ 1,597,843	\$ (114,640)	\$ -	\$ 1,483,203

C. LONG-TERM DEBT

Long-term debt outstanding at June 30, 2022 is as follows:

	Borrowed					Balance at
Purpose	From	Loan #	Loan Date	Maturity Date	Interest Rates	6/30/2022
Water System	USDA	91-03	7/3/2000	7/3/2040	4.50%	546,665
Sewer System	DEQ	R19810	10/10/2006	6/1/2029	2.88%	212,286
Total						\$ 758,951

Water System Bond (#91-03)

The Town issued water general obligation bonds to finance the water system construction in July 2000. The bond requires a debt service reserve to be set aside in the amount of \$45,057. As of June 30, 2022, the Town had set aside the total reserve amount required.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Cont'd)

Schedule of future debt service requirements on the bonds payable Water System Bond (#91-03)

	F	Principal		Interest		Total	
2023	\$	-	\$	-	\$	_	
2024		20,457		24,600		45,057	
2025		21,378		23,679		45,057	
2026		22,340		22,717		45,057	
2027		23,345		21,712		45,057	
2028-2032		133,460		91,825		225,285	
2033-2037		166,316		58,969		225,285	
2038-2041		159,369		18,147		177,516	
	\$	546,665	\$	261,649	\$	808,314	

Sewer System Reconstruction Loan (#R19810)

The Town entered into a loan with the State of Oregon Department of Environmental Quality for a reconstruction project of the sewer system. The original amount of the loan was \$500,500 with an interest rate of 2.98 percent. The loan will be due in full on June 1, 2029. The loan requires a debt service reserve to be set aside in the amount of \$16,853. As of June 30, 2022, the Town had set aside the total reserve amount required.

Schedule of future debt service requirements on the loan payable Sewer System Reconstruction Loan (#R19810)

	F	Principal		Interest		Total		
2023	\$	27,791	\$	5,915	\$	33,706		
2024		28,597		5,109		33,706		
2025		29,426		4,280		33,706		
2026		30,280		3,426		33,706		
2027		31,159		2,547		33,706		
2028-2029		65,033		2,357		67,390		
	\$	212,286	\$	23,634	\$	235,920		

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Cont'd)

Changes in Long-term Liabilities

									Am	ounts Due
	Beginning	l						Ending	wi	thin One
	Balance		Ac	dditions	Re	ductions	E	Balance		Year
Business-type activities:										
Water system bond (#91-03)	566,24	11		-		19,576		546,665		-
Sewer system loan (#R19810)	239,29	93		-		27,007		212,286		27,791
Totals	\$ 805,53	34	\$		\$	46,583	\$	758,951	\$	27,791

D. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Major interfund transfers for the year ended June 30, 2022, consisted of the following:

	Transfer to								
				onmajor ernmental					
Transfer from	General Fund			unds	Total				
Street Tax Fund	\$	1,500	\$	-	\$	1,500			
Nonmajor Governmental Funds		500		-		500			
Water Fund		10,000		-		10,000			
Sewer Fund		15,000		-		15,000			
Nonmajor Proprietary Funds		-		8,500		8,500			
	\$	27,000	\$	8,500	\$	35,500			

Transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that statute or budget requires to collect them to the fund that statute or budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund as debt service payments become due, (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations, and (4) transfer funds from funds that are not longer necessary.

E. INTERFUND BALANCES

In the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021, the Capital Project Fund loaned \$12,040 to the Sewer Fund to replace a generator. The loan will be paid back over 10 years at no interest. As of June 30, 2022, the balance was \$10,386.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 3 - DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS (Cont'd)

F. PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENTS

The Town reports the following adjustments to beginning fund balances/net position:

			Nonmajor	
	Governmental	Business-Type	Governmental	
	Activities	Activities	Funds	Water Fund
Beginning net position, as previously stat	\$ 1,050,525	\$ 964,407	\$ 141,735	\$ 96,444
Prior period adjustments:				
Capital asset addition	13,500	-		-
2. Interfund receivable	-	-	12,040	-
3. Loans payable	-	807	-	807
Total prior period adjustments	13,500	807	12,040	807
Beginning net position, as restated	\$ 1,064,025	\$ 965,214	\$ 153,775	\$ 97,251

- 1. Capital asset addition A police car was donated to the Town in the fiscal year 2020/2021. The addition was not reported in the financial statements. An adjustment was made to add the police car to the capital asset list.
- 2. Interfund receivable A receivable from the Sewer Fund was not reported in the Capital Projects and Equipment Fund. An adjustment was made to the beginning fund balance to add it to the nonmajor governmental funds beginning balance. The receivable was reported in the governmental activities on the statement of net position so no adjustment was necessary.
- 3. Loans payable The balance of the loan payable in the Water Fund and Business-type activities was incorrectly reported in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2021. An adjustment was made to decrease the balance of the liability and increase the fund balance/net position.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION

A. PENSION PLAN

GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE PENSION PLAN

Plan Description

Employees of the Town are provided with pensions through Oregon Public Employees Retirement System (OPERS) a cost-sharing multiple-employee defined benefit plan, the Oregon Legislature has delegated authority to the Public Employees Retirement Board to administer and manage the system. All benefits of the system are established by the legislature pursuant to Oregon Revised Statute (ORS) Chapters 238 and 238A. Tier One/Tier Two Retirement Benefit plan, established by ORS Chapter 238, is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003. The Pension Program, established by ORS Chapter 238A, provides benefits to members hired on or after August 29, 2003. OPERS issues an independently audited Comprehensive Annual Financial Report which can be obtained at:

http://www.oregon.gov/pers/Pages/section/financial_reports/financials.aspx.

If the link is expired, please contact Oregon PERS by writing to the Fiscal Services Division, Public Employees Retirement System, 11410 SW 68th Parkway, PO BOX 23700, Tigard, Oregon, 97281.

Benefits Provided

Tier One/Tier Two Retirement Benefit (ORS Chapter 238)

1. Pension Benefits – The OPERS retirement allowance is payable monthly for life. It may be selected from 13 retirement benefit options. These options include survivorship benefits and lump-sum refunds. The basic benefit is based on years of service and final average salary. A percentage (2.00 percent for police and fire employees, 1.67 percent for general service employees) is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Benefits may also be calculated under either a formula plus annuity (for members who were contributing before August 21, 1981) or a money match computation if a greater benefit results. Monthly payments must be a minimum of \$200 per month or the member will receive a lump-sum payment of the actuarial equivalent of benefits to which he or she is entitled.

Under Senate Bill 1049, passed during the 2019 legislative session, the salary included in the determination of Final Average Salary will be limited for all members beginning in 2021. The limit will be equal to \$197,730 in 2021 and will be indexed with inflation in later years.

A member is considered vested and will be eligible at minimum retirement age for a service retirement allowance if he or she has had a contribution in each of five calendar years or has reached at least 50 years of age before ceasing employment with a participating for employer (age 45 for police and fire members). General service employees may retire after reaching age 55. Police and fire members are eligible after reaching age 50. Tier One general service employee benefits are reduced if retirement occurs prior to age 58 with fewer than 30 years of service. Police and fire member benefits are reduced if retirement occurs prior to age 55 with fewer than 25 years of service. Tier Two members are eligible for full benefits at age 60. The ORS Chapter 238 Defined Benefit Pension Plan is closed to new members hired on or after August 29, 2003.

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION (Cont'd)

- 2. Death Benefits Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives a lump-sum refund of the member's account balance (accumulated contributions and interest). In addition, the beneficiary will receive a lump-sum payment from employer funds equal to the account balance, provided one or more of the following conditions are met:
 - Member was employed by a PERS employer at the time of death,
 - Member died within 120 days after termination of PERS-covered employment,
 - Member died as a result of injury sustained while employed in a PERS-covered job, or
 - Member was on an official leave of absence from a PERS-covered job at the time of death.
- 3. Disability Benefits A member with 10 or more years of creditable service who become disabled from other than duty connected causes may receive a non-duty disability benefit. A disability resulting from a job-incurred injury or illness qualifies a member (including PERS judge members) for disability benefits regardless of the length of PERS-covered service. Upon qualifying for either a non-duty or duty disability, service time is computed to age 58 (55 for police and fire members) when determining the monthly benefit.
- 4. Benefit Changes After Retirement Members may choose to continue participation in a variable equities investment account after retiring and may experience annual benefit fluctuations due to changes in the market value of equity investments. Under ORS 238.360 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living (COLA) changes. The COLA is capped at 2.0 percent.

OPSRP Pension Program (OPSRP DB)

1. *Pension Benefits* – The ORS Chapter 238A Defined Benefit Pension Program provides benefits to members hired on or after August 29, 2003.

This portion of OPSRP provides a life pension funded by employer contributions. Benefits are calculated with the following formula for members who attain normal retirement age:

- Police and fire 1.8 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary.
 Normal retirement age for police and fire members is age 60 or age 53 with 25 years of retirement credit. To be classified as a police and fire member, the individual must have been employed continuously as a police and fire member for at least five years immediately preceding retirement.
- General service 1.5 percent is multiplied by the number of years of service and the final average salary. Normal retirement age for general service members is age 65, or age 58 with 30 years of retirement credit.

Under Senate Bill 1049, passed during the 2019 legislative session, the salary included in the determination of final salary will be limited for all members beginning in 2021. The limit will be equal to \$197,730 in 2021 and will be indexed with inflation in later years.

A member of the OPSRP pension program becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION (Cont'd)

normal retirement age, and, if the pension program is terminated, the date on which termination becomes effective.

- 2. Death Benefits Upon the death of a non-retired member, the spouse or other person who is constitutionally required to be treated in the same manner as the spouse, receives for life 50 percent of the pension that would otherwise have been paid to the deceased member.
- 3. Disability Benefits A member who has accrued 10 or more years of retirement credits before the member becomes disabled or a member who becomes disabled due to job-related injury shall receive a disability benefit of 45 percent of the member's salary determined as of the last full month of employment before the disability occurred.
- 4. Benefit Changes after Retirement Under ORS 238A.210 monthly benefits are adjusted annually through cost-of-living changes. Under current law, the cap on the COLA in fiscal year 2015 and beyond will vary based on 1.25 percent on the first \$60,000 of annual benefit and 0.15 percent on annual benefits above \$60,000.

OPSRP Individual Account Program (OPSRP IAP)

- Pension Benefits The Individual Account Program (IAP) is a defined contribution pension plan. An IAP
 member becomes vested on the date the employee account is established or on the date the rollover
 account was established. If the employer makes optional employer contributions for a member, the member
 becomes vested on the earliest of the following dates: the date the member completes 600 hours of service
 in each of five calendar years, the date the member reaches normal retirement age, the date the IAP is
 terminated, the date the active member becomes disabled, or the date the active member dies.
 - Upon retirement, a member of the OPSRP Individual Account Program (IAP) may receive the amounts in his or her employee account, rollover account, and vested employer account as a lump-sum payment or in equal installments over a 5-, 10-, 15-, 20-year period or an anticipated life span option. Each distribution option has a \$200 minimum distribution limit.
- 2. Death Benefits Upon the death of a non-retired member, the beneficiary receives in a lump sum the member's account balance, rollover account balance, and vested employer optional contribution account balance. If a retired member dies before the installment payments are completed, the beneficiary may receive the remaining installment payments or choose a lump-sum payment.
- 3. Recordkeeping OPERS contracts with VOYA Financial to maintain IAP participant records.

Contributions

1. Employer Contributions - PERS funding policy provides for monthly employer contributions at actuarially determined rates. These contributions, expressed as a percentage of covered payroll, are intended to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due. This funding policy applies to the PERS Defined Benefit Plan and the Other Postemployment Benefit Plans. Employer contribution rates during the period were based on the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation. The rates based on a percentage of payroll, first became effective July 1, 2021. Employer contributions for the year ended June 30, 2022 were \$10,802, excluding amounts to fund employer specific liabilities. The rates in effect for the fiscal year ended June 30,

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 4 - OTHER INFORMATION (Cont'd)

2022 were 16.70 percent for Tier One/Tier Two General Service Member, 16.70 percent for Tier One/Tier Two Police and Fire, 10.17 percent for OPSRP Pension Program General Service Members, 14.53 percent for OPSRP Pension Program Police and Fire Members.

2. Employee Contributions - Beginning January 1, 2004, all employee contributions were placed in the OPSRP Individual Account Program (IAP), a defined contribution pension plan established by the Oregon Legislature. Prior to that date, all member contributions were credited to the Defined Benefit Pension Plan. Member contributions are set by statute at 6.0 percent of salary and are remitted by participating employers. The contributions are either deducted from member salaries or paid by the employers on the members behalf. The IAP member accounts represent member contributions made on or after January 1, 2004, plus earnings allocations less disbursements for refunds, death benefits, and retirements.

Starting July 1, 2020, Senate Bill 1049 required a portion of member contributions to their IAP accounts to be redirected to the Defined Benefit fund. If the member earns more than \$2,500 per month (increased to \$2,535 per month on January 1, 2021) 0.75 percent (if OPSRP member) or 2.5 percent (if Tier One/Tier Two member) of the member's contributions that were previously contributed to the member's IAP now fund the new Employee Pension Stability Accounts (EPSA). The EPSA accounts will be used to fund the cost of future pension benefits without changing those benefits, which means reduced contributions to the member's IAP account. Members may elect to make voluntary IAP contributions equal to the amount redirected.

Pension Assets/Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Pension-Related Deferrals

At June 30, 2022, the Town reported a net pension liability of \$105,946 as its proportionate share of the collective net pension liability for PERS, measured as of June 30, 2021. The total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was based on a December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation, rolled forward to the measurement date. The Town's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the Town's long-term share of contributions to PERS relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, as actuarially determined. The Town's proportion was 0.00088536% as of the June 30, 2021 measurement date, compared to 0.00079035% as of June 30, 2020.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions

Valuation Date	December 31, 2019
Measurement Date	June 30, 2021
Experience Study Report	2018, published July 24, 2019
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry Age Normal
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Inflation Rate	2.40 percent
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return	6.90 percent
Discount Rate	6.90 percent
Projected Salary Increases	3.40 percent overall payroll growth

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION (Cont'd)

Cost of Living Adjustments (COLA)	Blend of 2.00% COLA and grade COLA (1.25%/0.15%) in accordance with <i>Moro</i> decision, blend based on service.
Mortality	Healthy retirees and beneficiaries: Pub-2010 Healthy Retiree, sex distinct, generational with Unisex, Social Security Data Scale, with job category adjustments and set-backs as described in the valuation.
	Active members: Pub-2010 Employee, sex distinct, generational with Unisex, Social Security Data Scale, with job category adjustments and set-backs as described in the valuation.
	Disabled retirees: Pub-2010 Disable Retiree, sex distinct, generational with Unisex, Social Security Data Scale, with job category adjustments and set-backs as described in the valuation.

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of projected benefits and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. Actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. Experience studies are performed as of December 31 of even numbered years. The methods and assumptions shown above are based on the 2018 Experience Study which reviewed experience for the four-year period ending on December 31, 2018.

Long-term Expected Rate of Return

To develop an analytical basis for the selection of the long-term expected rate of return assumption, in May 2019 the PERS Board reviewed long-term assumptions developed by both Milliman's capital market assumptions team and the Oregon Investment Council's (OIC) investment advisors. The table below shows Milliman's assumptions for each of the asset classes in which the plan was invested at that time based on the OIC long-term target asset allocation. The OIC's description of each asset class was used to map the target allocation to the asset classes shown below. Each asset class assumption is based on a consistent set of underlying assumptions, and includes adjustment for the inflation assumption. These assumptions are not based on historical returns, but instead are based on a forward-looking capital market economic model.

		A	4.
Assumed	Asset	Alloca	ation

Asset Class/Strategy	Low Range	High Range	Target
Debt Securities	15.0%	25.0%	20.0%
Public Equity	27.5%	37.5%	32.5%
Real Estate	9.5%	15.5%	12.5%
Private Equity	14.0%	21.0%	17.5%
Alternative Investments	7.5%	17.5%	15.0%
Opportunity Portfolio	0.0%	3.0%	0.0%
Risk Parity	0.0%	2.5%	2.5%
Total			100.0%

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION (Cont'd)

Asset Class	Target Allocation		Component Annual Return (Geometric)	
Global Equity	30.62	%	5.85	%
Private Equity	25.50		7.71	
Core Fixed Income	23.75		2.73	
Real Estate	12.25		5.66	
Master Limited Partnerships	0.75		5.71	
Infrastructure	1.50		6.26	
Commodities	0.63		5.31	
Hedge Fund of Funds – Multistrategy	1.25		5.11	
Hedge Fund Equity – Hedge	0.63		5.31	
Hedge Fund – Macro	5.62		5.06	
US Cash	-2.50		1.76	
	100.00	%	3.79	
Assumed Inflation - Mean			2.50	%

Depletion Date Projection

GASB 68 generally requires that a blended discount rate be used to measure the Total Pension Liability (the Actuarial Accrued Liability calculated using the Individual Entry Age Normal Cost Method). The long-term expected return on plan investments may be used to discount liabilities to the extent that the plan's Fiduciary Net Position is projected to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses. A 20-year high quality (AA/Aa or higher) municipal bond rate must be used for periods where the Fiduciary Net Position is not projected to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses. Determining the discount rate under GASB 68 will often require that the actuary perform complex projections of future benefit payments and pension plan investments. GASB 68 (paragraph 67) does allow for alternative evaluations of projected solvency, if such evaluation can reliably be made. GASB does not contemplate a specific method for making an alternative evaluation of sufficiency; it is left to professional judgment.

The following circumstances justify an alternative evaluation of sufficiency for PERS:

- PERS has a formal written policy to calculate an Actuarially Determined Contribution (ADC), which is articulated in the actuarial valuation report.
- The ADC is based on a closed, layered amortization period, which means that payment of the full ADC each year will bring the plan to a 100% funded position by the end of the amortization period if future experience follows assumption.
- GASB 68 specifies that the projections regarding future solvency assume that plan assets earn the assumed rate return and there are no future changes in the plan provisions or actuarial methods and

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION (Cont'd)

assumptions, which means that the projections would not reflect any adverse future experience which might impact the plan's funded position.

Based on these circumstances, it is our independent actuary's opinion that the detailed depletion date projections outlined in GASB 68 would clearly indicate that the Fiduciary Net Position is always projected to be sufficient to cover benefit payments and administrative expenses.

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 6.90 percent for the Defined Benefit Pension plan. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members and those of the contributing employers are made at the contractually required rates, as actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments for the Defined Benefit Pension Plan was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 6.90 percent, as well as what the Town's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.90 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.90 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease	Discount Rate	1% Increase
	(5.90%)	(6.90%)	(7.90%)
Proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$208,053	\$105,946	\$20,520

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued OPERS financial report.

Changes in Plan Provisions During the Measurement Period

A legislative change that occurred after the December 31, 2019 actuarial valuation date affected the plan provisions reflected for June 2021 financial reporting liability calculations. Senate Bill 111, enacted in June 2021, provides an increased preretirement death benefit for members who die on or after their early retirement age.

For GASB 67 and GASB 68, the benefits valued in the Total Pension Liability are required to be in accordance with the benefit terms legally in effect as of the relevant fiscal year-end for the plan. As a result, Senate Bill 111 was reflected in the June 30, 2021 Total Pension Liability. The increase in the Total Pension Liability resulting from Senate Bill 111, measured as of June 30, 2021, is shown in Exhibit A as the "Effect of plan changes" during the measurement period. While Senate Bill 111 also made changes to certain aspects of the System's

TOWN OF BUTTE FALLS JACKSON COUNTY, OREGON

NOTES TO THE BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the Year Ended June 30, 2022

NOTE 4 – OTHER INFORMATION (Cont'd)

funding and administration, the change in the death benefit provision is the only change that affects the measured Total Pension Liability. As a result, the death benefit provision is the only difference between June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2021 in the plan provisions basis used to determine the Total Pension Liability as of those two respective Measurement Dates.

Changes in Plan Provisions Subsequent to Measurement Date

There were no changes subsequent to the June 30, 2021 measurement period that require disclosure.

B. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Amounts received or receivable from grantor agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal and state governments. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor agencies cannot be determined at this time although the Town expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Management has represented that there are no other contingent liabilities which were understood to include among other things: notes or accounts receivable which have been discounted; pending suits, proceedings, hearings, or negotiations possibly involving retroactive judgments or claims; taxes in dispute; endorsements or guarantees; and options given that would require disclosure or recognition under generally accepted accounting principles.

C. RISK MANAGEMENT

The Town is operated under various risks and the Town participates in various insurance programs to hedge against those risks. The insurance coverage includes property, general, auto and other liabilities. There were no losses in excess of coverage for the past three years.



COMBINING BALANCE SHEET - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

June 30, 2022

					Capital	
		Special Reve	enue Funds		Project Fund	
		Police			Capital	
	Planning	Department	Disaster	Fire and	Projects &	
	Commissio	Reserve	Recovery	Rescue	Equipment	
	n Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Totals
ASSETS						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,138	\$ 52,553	\$ 18,396	\$ 54,303	\$ 51,126	\$ 179,516
Total assets	\$ 3,138	\$ 52,553	\$ 18,396	\$ 54,303	\$ 61,962	\$ 190,352
LIABILITIES					-	
FUND BALANCES						
Assigned for:						
Planning	3,138	-	-	-	-	3,138
Public safety	-	52,553	18,396	54,303	-	125,252
Capital Projects					61,962	61,962
Total fund balances	3,138	52,553	18,396	54,303	61,962	190,352
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 3,138	\$ 52,553	\$ 18,396	\$ 54,303	\$ 61,962	\$ 190,352

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

					Capital	
		Special Rev	enue Funds		Project Fund	
		Police			Capital	
	Planning	Department	Disaster	Fire and	Projects &	
	Commissio	Reserve	Recovery	Rescue	Equipment	
	n Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	Totals
REVENUES:						
Licenses, fees and permits	\$ 1,035	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 1,035
Charges for services	-	-	3,429	-	-	3,429
Miscellaneous		187				187
Total revenues	2,035	187	3,429	30,713		36,364
EXPENDITURES:						
Current:						
Public safety				13,138		13,138
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over expenditures	1,469	187	3,429	17,575		22,660
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES	S):					
Transfers in	-	-	-	-	8,500	8,500
Transfers out	(500)					(500)
Total other financing sources	(500)				8,500	8,000
SPECIAL ITEM						
Proceeds from sale of assets				5,917		5,917
Net change in fund balances	969	187	3,429	23,492	8,500	36,577
FUND BALANCES - July 1, As previo	2,169	52,366	14,967	30,811	41,422	141,735
Prior period adjustments					12,040	12,040
FUND BALANCES - July 1	2,169	52,366	14,967	30,811	53,462	153,775
FUND BALANCES - June 30	\$ 3,138	\$ 52,553	\$ 18,396	\$ 54,303	\$ 61,962	\$ 190,352

TOWN OF BUTTE FALLS JACKSON COUNTY, OREGON

COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS

June 30, 2022

	Wat	er/Sewer	Wat	er Bottle	
	Res	erve Fund		Fund	Totals
ASSETS	\ <u></u>				
Current assets:					
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	20,847	\$	3,758	\$ 24,605
Restricted cash		61,910		-	\$ 61,910
Total current assets		82,757		3,758	 86,515
Total assets	\$	82,757	\$	3,758	\$ 86,515
LIABILITIES					
NET POSITION					
Restricted		61,910		-	61,910
Unrestricted		20,847		3,758	24,605
Total net position		82,757		3,758	86,515
Total liabilities and net position	\$	82,757	\$	3,758	\$ 86,515

TOWN OF BUTTE FALLS JACKSON COUNTY, OREGON

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

NONMAJOR PROPRIETARY FUNDS

	Wat	er/Sewer	Water	Bottle	
	Res	erve Fund	Fu	nd	Totals
Operating revenues:					
Charges for services	\$	-	\$	8,224	\$ 8,224
Other revenues		1,610		-	1,610
Total operating revenues		1,610		8,224	9,834
Operating expenses:					
Contractual services		164		-	 164
Operating income (loss)		1,446		8,224	9,670
Transfer out				(8,500)	 (8,500)
Changes in net position		1,446		(276)	1,170
NET POSITION - July 1, 2021		81,311		4,034	 85,345
NET POSITION - June 30, 2022	\$	82,757	\$	3,758	\$ 86,515

TOWN OF BUTTE FALLS JACKSON COUNTY, OREGON

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS MODIFIED CASH BASIS

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

		Water Fund		Sewer Fund		Nonmajor roprietary Funds		Totals
Cash Flows from operating activities:	Φ.	F2.004	Φ.	110 570	<u></u>	0.024	ф.	474.074
Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers	\$	53,964 (15,609)	\$	110,573 (58,329)	\$	9,834 (164)	\$	174,371 (74,102)
Payments to employees		(29,727)		(35,526)		(104)		(65,253)
Net cash provided (used) by operating		(20,121)		(00,020)				(00,200)
activities	9 ——	8,628		16,718		9,670		35,016
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:								
Non-operating receipts (payments)		46,596		35,107		-		81,703
Transfers from (to) other funds		(10,000)		(15,000)		(8,500)		(33,500)
Net cash provided by noncapital								
financing activities		36,596		20,107		(8,500)		48,203
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:								
Principal paid on capital debt		(19,576)		(28,211)		-		(47,787)
Interest paid on capital debt		(25,481)		(6,699)				(32,180)
Net cash provided by capital and								
related financing activities:		(45,057)		(34,910)				(79,967)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash	sh							
equivalents		167		1,915		1,170		3,252
Cash and cash equivalents - July 1, 202		33,947		65,653		85,345		184,945
Cash and cash equivalents - June 30, 2	\$	34,114	\$	67,568	\$	86,515	\$	188,197
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:								
Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating incorto net cash provided (used) by operating activities:		(50,868)	\$	(38,427)	\$	9,670	\$	(79,625)
Depreciation expense		59,496		55,145		-		114,641
Net cash provided (used) by operating								
activities	\$	8,628	\$	16,718	\$	9,670	\$	35,016

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL

GENERAL FUND

		Budgeted	l Amc	ounts	Actı	ıal Amounts		/ariance with Final Budget Positive
	Original			Final		getary Basis		(Negative)
DEVENUES.								
REVENUES: Property taxes	\$	128,230	\$	128,230	\$	138,096	\$	9,866
	Φ		Φ		φ		Φ	•
Licenses, fees and permits		53,888 75,400		53,888 135,400		47,800 104,117		(6,088)
Grants and Intergovernmental Fines and forfeitures		1,200		1,200		1,830		(31,283) 630
		•		•				
Interest revenue		3,500 200		3,500 200		2,347		(1,153)
Miscellaneous			-		-	4,850		4,650
Total revenues		262,418		322,418		299,040	_	(23,378)
EXPENDITURES:								
Administration		184,370		214,370		118,313		96,057
Fire Department		39,426		41,426		34,279		7,147
Police Department		142,012		142,012		31,337		110,675
Parks and Recreation		27,900		29,400		20,635		8,765
Forest Management		-		30,000		24,284		5,716
Total expenditures		393,708		457,208		228,848		228,360
Excess (deficiency) of								
revenues over expenditures		(131,290)		(134,790)		70,192		204,982
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers in		27,000		27,000		27,000		
	<u> </u>							
Excess of revenues and								
other sources over (under)								
expenditures and other uses		(104,290)		(107,790)		97,192		204,982
FUND BALANCES - July 1, 2021		105,000		108,500		203,930		95,430
FUND BALANCES - June 30, 2022	\$	710	\$	710	\$	301,122	\$	300,412

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL

STREET TAX FUND

		Budgeted	Amo	unts	Actu	al Amounts		riance with nal Budget Positive
	C	riginal		Final	Budgetary Basis		(Negative)
REVENUES:								
Highway taxes	\$	20,000	\$	20,000	\$	36,359	\$	16,359
PP&L franchise fees		14,000		14,000		16,718		2,718
Grant		100,000		100,000		100,000		-
Total revenues		134,000		134,000		153,077		19,077
EXPENDITURES:								
Personal services		10,036		10,036		7,271		2,765
Materials and services		222,200		222,200		111,295		110,905
Total expenditures		232,236		232,236		118,566		113,670
Excess of revenues over								
(under) expenditures		(98,236)		(98,236)		34,511		132,747
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):								
Transfers out		(1,500)		(1,500)		(1,500)		-
Excess of revenues and other sources over (under)								
expenditures and other uses		(99,736)		(99,736)		33,011		132,747
FUND BALANCES - July 1, 2021		100,000		100,000		135,138		35,138
FUND BALANCES - June 30, 2022	\$	264	\$	264	\$	168,149	\$	167,885

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL

LAND ACQUISITION FUND

	Budgeted	l Amo	ounts	Actu	ıal Amounts	_	ariance with Final Budget Positive
	 Original		Final	Budg	getary Basis		(Negative)
REVENUES Grants, Fundraisers, & Donations	\$ 1,200,000	\$	1,200,000	\$	423,954	\$	(776,046)
EXPENDITURES Capital outlay	 1,200,000		1,200,000		400,000		800,000
Excess of revenues over expenditures	-		-		23,954		23,954
FUND BALANCES - July 1, 2021	 						
FUND BALANCES - June 30, 2022	\$ 	\$		\$	23,954	\$	23,954

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL

PLANNING COMMISSION FUND

		Budgeted	l A m	ounts	Ac	tual Amounts	'	Variance with Final Budget Positive
		Original		Final	Вι	dgetary Basis		(Negative)
REVENUES								
Licenses, fees and permits	\$	500	\$	500	\$	1,035	\$	535
Grants		1,000		1,000		1,000		
Total revenues		1,500		1,500		2,035		535
EVENDITUES								
EXPENDITURES Materials & services		3,500		3,500		566		2.024
Materials & services		3,300		3,500		300	_	2,934
Excess of revenues over expenditure:		(2,000)		(2,000)		1,469		3,469
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers out		(500)		(500)		(500)		
Excess of revenues and other source	S							
over expenditures and other uses		(2,500)		(2,500)		969		3,469
FUND BALANCES - July 1, 2021		2,500		2,500		2,169		(331)
•							_	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
FUND BALANCES - June 30, 2022	\$		\$	-	\$	3,138	\$	3,138

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FIRE & RESCUE FUND

		Budgeted	Am	ounts	Act	ual Amounts	_	/ariance with Final Budget Positive	
		Original		Final	Bud	lgetary Basis	(Negative)		
REVENUES									
Grants, Fundraisers, & Donations	\$	40,000	\$	40,000	\$	30,713	\$	(9,287)	
EXPENDITURES									
Materials & services		38,000		38,000		13,138		24,862	
Capital outlay		20,000		20,000		, -		20,000	
Total expenditures		58,000		58,000		13,138	_	44,862	
Excess of revenues over expenditure:		(18,000)		(18,000)		23,492		41,492	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)									
Transfers out		(5,000)		(5,000)				5,000	
Excess of revenues and other sources	s								
over expenditures and other uses		(23,000)		(23,000)		23,492		46,492	
FUND BALANCES - July 1, 2021		23,000		23,000		30,811		7,811	
FUND BALANCES - June 30, 2022	\$		\$		\$	54,303	\$	54,303	

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL

POLICE DEPARTMENT FUND

	Budgeted	l An	nounts	Actua	al Amounts	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive
	Original		Final	Budge	etary Basis	(Negative)
REVENUES:							
Intergovernmental revenues	\$ 100	\$	100	\$	-	\$	(100)
Grants	200		200		-		(200)
Proceeds from sale of assets	500		500		-		(500)
Miscellaneous revenues	300		300		187		(113)
Total revenues	1,200		1,200		187		(1,013)
EXPENDITURES:							
Materials and services	15,000		15,000		-		15,000
Capital outlay	 8,528	_	8,528				8,528
Total expenditures	 23,528	_	23,528				23,528
Excess of revenues over expenditures	(22,328)		(22,328)		187		22,515
FUND BALANCES - July 1, 2021	35,000		35,000		52,366		17,366
FUND BALANCES - June 30, 2022	\$ 12,672	\$	12,672	\$	52,553	\$	39,881

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL

DISASTER RECOVERY FUND

	Budgeted	Am	nounts	Ad	ctual Amounts	•	/ariance with Final Budget Positive
	Original		Final	Вι	dgetary Basis		(Negative)
REVENUES:	_		_				_
Charge for services	\$ 3,350	\$	3,350	\$	3,429	\$	79
EXPENDITURES: Materials and services	13,350		13,350				13,350
Excess of revenues over expenditures	(10,000)		(10,000)		3,429		13,429
FUND BALANCES - July 1, 2021	 10,000		10,000	_	14,967		4,967
FUND BALANCES - June 30, 2022	\$ -	\$	-	\$	18,396	\$	18,396

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL

CAPITAL PROJECTS & EQUIPMENT FUND

	Budgeted	Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive				
	Original	Final	Budgetary Basis	(Negative)				
REVENUES	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -				
EXPENDITURES								
Capital outlay	51,000	51,000		51,000				
Excess of revenues over expenditure:	(51,000)	(51,000)	-	51,000				
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Interfund loan repayment	1,204	1,204	1,204	-				
Transfers in	13,500	13,500	8,500	(5,000)				
Total other financing sources (us	14,704	14,704	9,704	(5,000)				
Excess of revenues and other source	s							
over expenditures and other uses	(36,296)	(36,296)	9,704	46,000				
FUND BALANCES - July 1, 2021	40,000	40,000	41,422	1,422				
FUND BALANCES - June 30, 2022	\$ 3,704	\$ 3,704	\$ 51,126	\$ 47,422				
Reconciliation to fund financial stater	ment (modified cas	h basis):						
Interfund receivable			10,836					
Fund Balance - modified cash basis -	June 30, 2022		\$ 61,962					

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL

WATER FUND

	Budgete	d Amounts	Actual Amounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Original	Final	Budgetary Basis	(Negative)		
REVENUES						
Charges for services	\$ 43,902	\$ 43,902	\$ 52,863	\$ 8,961		
Miscellaneous late charges	900	900	1,101	201		
Total Revenues	44,802	44,802	53,964	9,162		
EXPENDITURES						
Personal services	28,078	31,308	29,727	1,581		
Materials and services	29,724	29,724	15,529	14,195		
Capital outlay	1,000	1,000	80	920		
Total Expenditures	58,802	62,032	45,336	16,696		
Excess of revenues over expenditure:	(14,000	(17,230)	8,628	25,858		
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Transfers out	(10,000	(10,000)	(10,000)			
Excess of revenues and other sources	3					
over expenditures and other uses	(24,000	(27,230)	(1,372)	25,858		
FUND BALANCES - July 1, 2021, as r	25,000	28,230	25,478	(2,752)		
FUND BALANCES - June 30, 2022	\$ 1,000	\$ 1,000	\$ 24,106	\$ 23,106		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS-BUDGET AND ACTUAL

SEWER DEPARTMENT FUND

		Budgeted	l A m	nounts	Ac	tual Amounts	,	Variance with Final Budget Positive
		Original		Final		Budgetary Basis		(Negative)
REVENUES								
Charges for services	\$	108,324	\$	108,324	\$	108,439	\$	115
Late charges		2,000		2,000		2,135		135
Total Revenues		110,324		110,324		110,574		250
EXPENDITURES								
Personal services		38,661		38,661		35,526		3,135
Materials and services		58,623		62,623		58,330		4,293
Debt Service		1,204		1,204		1,204		-
Total Expenditures		98,488		102,488		95,060	_	7,428
Excess of revenues over expenditure:		11,836		7,836		15,514		7,678
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers out		(15,000)		(15,000)	_	(15,000)	_	
Excess of revenues and other sources	S							
over expenditures and other uses		(3,164)		(7,164)		514		7,678
FUND BALANCES - July 1, 2021		5,000		9,000		26,582	_	17,582
FUND BALANCES - June 30, 2022	\$	1,836	\$	1,836	\$	27,096	\$	25,260

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL

WATER AND SEWER RESERVE FUND

		Budgeted	l Amo	ounts	Actua	al Amounts	•	Variance with Final Budget Positive
	Original			Final		Budgetary Basis		(Negative)
REVENUES Miscellaneous revenues	\$	1,000	\$	1,000	\$	1,610	\$	610
EXPENDITURES Materials and services		1,000		1,000		164	_	836
Excess of revenues over expenditures		-		-		1,446		1,446
FUND BALANCES - July 1, 2021		79,474		79,474		81,311		1,837
FUND BALANCES - June 30, 2022	\$	79,474	\$	79,474	\$	82,757	\$	3,283

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL

DEBT SERVICE FUND

		Budgeted	l Amoι	ınts	Actua	al Amounts	Fina	Variance with Final Budget Positive		
	Original			Final		Budgetary Basis		egative)		
REVENUES										
Assessment revenue	\$	78,763	\$	78,763	\$	81,703	\$	2,940		
EXPENDITURES										
Debt service										
Principal		45,740		45,740		46,583		(843)		
Interest		33,023		33,023		32,180		843		
Total expenditures		78,763		78,763		78,763		-		
Excess of revenues over expenditures		-		-		2,940		2,940		
FUND BALANCES -July 1, 2021		44,000		44,000		47,538		3,538		
FUND BALANCES -June 30, 2022	\$	44,000	\$	44,000	\$	50,478	\$	6,478		

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE -BUDGET AND ACTUAL

WATER BOTTLE FUND

		Budgeted	Amo	ounts	Actua	I Amounts	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive
		Original		Final	Budge	etary Basis	(Negative)	
REVENUES								
Charges for services	\$	7,000	\$	7,000	\$	8,224	\$	1,224
EXPENDITURES								
Excess of revenues over expenditure:		7,000		7,000		8,224		1,224
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out		(8,500)		(8,500)		(8,500)		<u>-</u>
Excess of revenues and other source	S							
over expenditures and other uses		(1,500)		(1,500)		(276)		1,224
FUND BALANCES - July 1, 2021		1,500		1,500		4,034		2,534
FUND BALANCES - June 30, 2022	\$		\$	-	\$	3,758	\$	3,758

BALANCE SHEET ALLOCATION OF DEBT SERVICE FUND (BUDGETARY FUND) TO WATER AND SEWER FUND (PROPRIETARY FUNDS)

	Debt Service Fund			Water Fund	Sewer Fund		
ASSETS Current assets: Restricted cash	\$	50,478	\$	10,006	\$	40,472	
LIABILITIES					_		
NET POSITION Restricted		50,478		10,006		40,472	
Total liabilities and net position	\$	50,478	\$	10,006	\$	40,472	

STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - ALLOCATION OF DEBT SERVICE FUND (BUDGETARY FUND) TO WATER AND SEWER FUNDS (PROPRIETARY FUNDS)

	De	bt Service		Water	Sewer	
	Fund			Fund	Fund	
Non-operating revenues (expenses):		04 700	æ	46 506	Ф	25 407
Debt service assessments Debt service:	\$	81,703	\$	46,596	\$	35,107
Principal		(46,583)		(19,576)		(27,007)
Interest		(32,180)		(25,481)		(6,699)
Total non-operating revenues(expenses)		2,940		1,539		1,401
Changes in net position		2,940		1,539		1,401
NET POSITION - July 1, 2021		47,538		8,467		39,071
NET POSITION - June 30, 2022	\$	50,478	\$	10,006	\$	40,472

REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITOR REQUIRED BY MINIMUM STANDARDS FOR AUDITS OF OREGON MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS



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REPORT OF INDEPENDENT AUDITOR REQUIRED BY MINIMUM STANDARDS FOR AUDITS OF OREGON MUNICIPAL CORPORATIONS

Mayor and Town Council Town of Butte Falls Butte Falls, Oregon

I have audited the basic financial statements of the Town of Butte Falls, Oregon, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2022, and have issued my report thereon dated November 29, 2022.

Compliance

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Town of Butte Fall's financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statements amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion.

I performed procedures to the extent I considered necessary to address the required comments and disclosures which included, but were not limited to the following:

- Deposit of public funds with financial institutions (ORS Chapter 295).
- Indebtedness limitations, restrictions and repayment.
- Budgets legally required (ORS Chapter 294).
- Insurance and fidelity bonds in force or required by law.
- · Programs funded from outside sources.
- Highway revenues used for public highways, roads, and streets.
- Authorized investment of surplus funds (ORS Chapter 294).
- Public contracts and purchasing (ORS Chapters 279A, 279B, 279C).

In connection with my testing, nothing came to my attention that caused me to believe the Town was not in substantial compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants, including the provisions of Oregon Revised Statutes as specified in Oregon Administrative Rules 162-10-000 through 162-10-320 of the Minimum Standards for Audits of Oregon Municipal Corporations.

OAR 162-10-0230 Internal Control

In planning and performing my audit, I considered the Town's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing my auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Town's internal control.

To the Town Council of the Town of Butte Falls Page 2 of 2

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses. Given these limitations, during my audit I did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

My audit was also not designed to identify deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. I consider the following deficiency in the Town's internal control to be a significant deficiency:

PROVIDE OVERSIGHT OF THE PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal controls and for the fair presentation of the financial position, results of operations and disclosures in the financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. The Town does not have a system of internal controls that would enable management to conclude the financial statements and related disclosures are complete and presented in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting which could lead to material errors that may not be identified and corrected by the Town. As such, management requested us to prepare a draft of the financial statements, including the related footnote disclosures. The outsourcing of these services is not unusual in entities of your size and is a result of management's cost benefit decision to rely on our accounting expertise rather than incurring this internal resource cost.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the management and the Town Council of the Town of Butte Falls and the Oregon Secretary of State and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

REBECCA PRICE, CPA

Gilroy, California November 29, 2022